

Flight Record: (8/06) Seen most late summer.

Stray

Habitat: Sunny, <u>shallow</u>, sluggish waters, e.g. small ponds, marshes, ditches, etc.

First Glance: Medium. Distinct profile. Blue males, orange females, w/ unique four wing spots. Perches often on <u>tips</u> of stems & branches.

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Ken Larsen

Compare: None

Four-spotted Pennant (Brachymesia gravida) – 2.1", 50-54 mm





The female's **orange** turns to brown w/ age.

Very thin, arched abdomen w/ square, angular base

Giff Beaton

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Notes from the field – Four-spotted Pennant: Part of a genus often referred to as Tropical Pennants, this is the only *Brachymesia* that ventures this far north. Although it can stray as far north as New Jersey, it's only been sighted in this area a few times and probably doesn't breed here. A summer storm, or desire to wander, occasionally drops an individual or two into one of the shallow ponds along our coastal plain. Look for them July-September, perched on the edge of sunny, shallow, still water in our coastal plain parks. These include Dyke Marsh, Accotink Bay Wildlife Refuge, Jackson Abbott, Mason Neck, and Occoquon Bay National Wildlife Refuge.

The blue male in these photos was seen in 2005 during an Audubon Society of Northern Virginia field trip to Occoquon Bay National Wildlife Refuge. It was perched on the edge of a marshy pond, pictured on the right. We were shocked and excited to see it, and thrilled that it stayed in the sun for several minutes. It allowed the whole group to get great looks, and several photos. It's the first and last time (as of 2012) that species has been seen in the refuge – it was also seen in the 90's at Accotink Bay.

The photo of the orange female was taken in Florida and donated by Giff Beaton, author of Dragonflies of Georgia and the Southeast.



